

I B. Tech I Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations, February - 2023**MATHEMATICS-I**

(Common to all Branches)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

*Answer any FIVE Questions ONE Question from Each Unit
All Questions Carry Equal Marks*

UNIT - I

1. a) Examine the convergence of $\frac{2^{n+1}-2}{3^{n+1}+1} x^n$ for $x > 0$. [7M]
 b) Find the Maclaurin series expansion of $f(x) = \cosh x$. [7M]

(OR)

2. a) Show that $\log(1+x) = \frac{x}{(1+\theta x)}$ where $0 < \theta < 1$. and hence deduce that $\frac{x}{1-x} < \ln(1+x) < x$ if $x > a$. [7M]
 b) Examine the convergence of $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n (n+1)x^n$ with $x > \frac{1}{2}$. [7M]

UNIT - II

3. a) Solve $3y' + xy = xy^{-2}$. [7M]
 b) If a substance cools from 370k to 330k in 10 minutes, when the temperature of the surrounding air is 290k, find the temperature of the substance after 40 minutes. [7M]

(OR)

4. a) Show that the family of parabolas $y^2 = 4cx + 4c^2$ is "self-orthogonal". (Where c is a parameter). [7M]
 b) Solve $(2y^2 + 4x^2y)dx + (4xy + 3x^3)dy = 0$. [7M]

UNIT - III

5. a) Solve $(D^3 - 2D + 4)y = x^4 + 3x^2 - 5x + 2$. [7M]
 b) Determine the current $I(t)$ in an RLC circuit with $emf E(t) = E_0 \cos \omega t$. [7M]

(OR)

6. a) Solve $(D^2 + 1)y = x \cos 2x$ by the method of variation of parameters. [7M]
 b) Solve $x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 3x \frac{dy}{dx} + 5y = x^2 \sin(\log x)$. [7M]

UNIT - IV

7. a) If $w = x^2y + y^2z + z^2x$, then prove that $w_x + w_y + w_z = (x + y + z)^2$. [7M]
 b) Investigate the maxima and minima, if any, of the function $f(x, y) = x^4 + y^4 - x^2 - y^2 + 1$. [7M]

(OR)

8. a) Determine whether the following functions are functionally dependent or not? Find a functional relation between them in case they are functionally dependent. [7M]

$$u = \frac{x+y}{x-y}, v = \frac{xy}{(x-y)^2}$$

- b) Expand $f(x, y) = e^y \ln(1+x)$ in powers of x and y . [7M]



UNIT - V

9. a) Evaluate $\iint_D (1 + x + y) dx dy$ where D is the region bounded by $y = x, x = \sqrt{y}, y=1$ and $y=0$. [7M]
- b) Change the order of integration and then evaluate $\int_0^1 \int_{x^2}^{2-x} xy dy dx$. [7M]

(OR)

- 10 a) Evaluate $\int_0^2 \int_1^z \int_0^{yz} xyz dx dy dz$. [7M]
- b) Evaluate $\int_0^{2a} \int_0^{\sqrt{2a-x^2}} dy dx$ by changing into polar coordinates. [7M]



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UNIT - I

1. a) Examine the convergence of $\left[\frac{n}{n^2+1}x^{2n}\right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$. [7M]
 b) State Maclaurin's theorem with Lagrange's form of remainder for $f(x) = \cos x$. [7M]

(OR)

2. a) Using Lagrange's Mean Value theorem prove that $\frac{\pi}{3} - \frac{1}{5\sqrt{3}} > \cos^{-1} \frac{3}{5} > \frac{\pi}{3} - \frac{1}{8}$. [7M]
 b) Examine the convergence of $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1}x^n}{n(n-1)}$ with $0 < x < 1$. [7M]

UNIT - II

3. a) Solve $2xyy' = y^2 - 2x^3$. [7M]
 b) Water at temperature 100°C cools in 10 min to 80°C in a room of temperature 25°C . (i) Find the temperature of water after 20 min. [7M]
 (ii) When will the temperature be 40°C .

(OR)

4. a) Show that the family of confocal conics $\frac{x^2}{a^2+c} + \frac{y^2}{b^2+c} = 1$ is "self-orthogonal". [7M]
 Here a and b are given constants.
 b) Solve $(xy^3 + y)dx + 2(x^2y^2 + x + y^4)dy = 0$. [7M]

UNIT - III

5. a) Solve $(D^4 + D^3 + D^2)y = 5x^2 + \sin 2x + 4e^{-3x}$ [7M]
 b) Determine the current $I(t)$ in an RLC circuit with emf $E(t) = E_0 \sin \omega t$. [7M]

(OR)

6. a) Solve $(D^2 + 4)y = 4 \sec 2x$ by the method of variation of parameters. [7M]
 b) Solve $x^3y''' + 2x^2y'' = x + \sin(\ln x)$. [7M]

UNIT - IV

7. a) Prove that $\left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial}{\partial z}\right)^2 u = \frac{-9}{(x+y+z)^2} u$ if $u = \ln(x^3 + y^3 + z^3 - 3xyz)$. [7M]
 b) Investigate the maxima and minima, if any, of the function $f(x, y) = x^3 + 3xy^2 - 15x^2 - 15y^2 + 72x$. [7M]



(OR)

8. a) Determine whether the following functions are functionally dependent or not? [7M]
Find a functional relation between them in case they are functionally dependent.

$$u = \frac{x-y}{x+a}, v = \frac{x+a}{y+a} \text{ where } a \text{ is constant.}$$

- b) Find Taylor's expansion of $f(x, y) = \cot^{-1}xy$ in powers of $(x + 0.5)$ and $(y - 2)$ up to second degree terms. [7M]

UNIT - V

9. a) Evaluate $\iint_D (x^2 + y^2) dx dy$ where D is the region bounded by $y = x$, $y^2 = x$ and $x=1$ in the first quadrant. [7M]

- b) Change the order of integration and then evaluate $\int_0^2 \int_{y^3}^{4\sqrt{2y}} y^2 dx dy$. [7M]

(OR)

- 10 a) Evaluate $\int_0^a \int_0^x \int_0^{y+x} e^{x+y+z} dz dy dx$. [7M]

- b) Evaluate $\int_0^a \int_0^{\sqrt{a^2-y^2}} (x^2 + y^2) dx dy$ by changing into polar coordinates. [7M]

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MATHEMATICS-I

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*Answer any FIVE Questions ONE Question from Each Unit**All Questions Carry Equal Marks*

UNIT - I

1. a) Examine the convergence of $\frac{1.3.5.....(2n-1)}{2.4.6.....2n} x^{n-1}$ with $x > 0$. [7M]
- b) Verify Taylor's theorem for $f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 + 2x$ in $\left[0, \frac{1}{2}\right]$ with Lagrange's remainder up to 2 terms. [7M]

(OR)

2. a) Show that $0 < \sin b - \sin a < b - a$ if $0 < a < b < \frac{\pi}{2}$. [7M]
- b) Examine the convergence of $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{(x+n)}$. [7M]

UNIT - II

3. a) Solve $(xy^5 + y)dx - dy = 0$. [7M]
- b) Water at temperature 10°C takes 5 min to warm up to 20°C in a room at temperature 40°C . Find the temperature after 20 min and after $\frac{1}{2}$ hr. [7M]

(OR)

4. a) Show that the family of parabolas $y^2 = 2cx + c^2$ is "self-orthogonal". (where c is a parameter). [7M]
- b) Solve $(y^4 + 2y)dx + (xy^3 + 2y^4 - 4x)dy = 0$. [7M]

UNIT - III

5. a) Solve $(D^4 + 2D^3 - 3D^2)y = 5x^2 + 7e^{2x} + 4\cos x$. [7M]
- b) A circuit consists of inductance of 0.05 henrys, a resistance of 5 ohms and a condenser of capacitance 4×10^{-4} farad. If $Q = I = 0$ when $t = 0$, find $Q(t)$ and $I(t)$ when there is a constant emf of 110 volts. [7M]

(OR)

6. a) Solve $(D^2 + a^2)y = x\cos ax$ by the method of variation of parameters. [7M]
- b) Solve $x^2y'' + 5xy' + 4y = x^2 + 16(\ln x)^2$. [7M]

UNIT - IV

7. a) Show that $yz_x + xz_y = x^2 - y^2$ if $e^{-\frac{z}{(x^2-y^2)}} = (x-y)$. [7M]
- b) If the total surface area of a closed rectangular box is 108 sq. cm, find the dimensions of the box having maximum volume. [7M]

(OR)

8. a) If $x = e^u \sec v$, $y = e^u \cos v$, find $J = \frac{\partial(x, y)}{\partial(u, v)}$ and $J' = \frac{\partial(u, v)}{\partial(x, y)}$. Also show that $JJ' = 1$. [7M]
- b) Expand $\cos x \cos y$ in powers of x and y up to third degree terms. [7M]



UNIT - V

9. a) Evaluate $\iint_D xy dx dy$ where D is the domain bounded by the parabola $x^2 = 4ay$, the ordinates $x=a$ and x -axis. [7M]

b) Change the order of integration and then evaluate $\int_0^a \int_{\frac{y^2}{a}}^{2a-y} xy dx dy$. [7M]

(OR)

10 a) Evaluate $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_x^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_0^{xy} \cos \frac{z}{x} dz dy dx$. [7M]

b) Evaluate $\int_{-a}^a \int_0^{\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} xy dx dy$ by changing into polar coordinates. [7M]

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UNIT - I

1. a) Examine the convergence of $(\sqrt{n^2 + 1} - n)x^{2n}$. [7M]

b) Find the Maclaurin's series expansion of $f(x) = \sinh x$. [7M]

(OR)

2. a) If $0 \leq a < b < \frac{\pi}{2}$ then show that $0 < \cos a - \cos b < b - a$. [7M]

b) Examine the convergence of $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{1+n^2}$. [7M]

UNIT - II

3. a) Solve $y' - \cot y + x \cot y = 0$. [7M]

b) A body is heated to 110°C and placed in air at 10°C . After 1 hour its temperature is 60°C . How much additional time is required for it to cool to 30°C ? [7M]

(OR)

4. a) Show that the family of confocal conics $\frac{x^2}{a} + \frac{y^2}{a-b} = 1$ is "self-orthogonal". Here [7M]

 a is an arbitrary constant.

b) Solve $y(xy + 2x^2y^2)dx + x(xy - x^2y^2)dy = 0$. [7M]

UNIT - III

5. a) Solve $(D^4 + 2D^3 - 3D^2)y = x^2 + 3e^{2x} + 4\sin x$. [7M]

b) A circuit consists of an inductance of 0.05 henrys, a resistance of 5 ohms and a condenser of capacitance 4×10^{-4} farad. If $Q = I = 0$ when $t = 0$, find $Q(t)$ and $I(t)$ when there is an alternating emf $200 \cos 100t$. [7M]

(OR)

6. a) Solve $(D^2 + 1)y = \log \cos x$ by the method of variation of parameters. [7M]

b) Solve $x^3y''' - 8x^2y'' + 28xy' - 40y = -\frac{9}{x}$. [7M]

UNIT - IV

7. a) If $u = (x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$ then show that $(u_x)^2 + (u_y)^2 + (u_z)^2 = u^4$. [7M]

b) An aquarium with rectangular sides and bottom (and no top) is to hold 32 liters. Find its dimensions so that it will use the least amount of material. [7M]



(OR)

8. a) Determine whether the following functions are functionally dependent or not? Find [7M]
a functional relation between them in case they are functionally dependent.

$$u = \frac{x}{y}, v = \frac{x+y}{x-y}$$

- b) Obtain the expansion of e^{xy} in powers of $(x-1)$ and $(y-1)$. [7M]

UNIT - V

9. a) Evaluate $\iint_D x^3 y dx dy$ where D is the region enclosed by the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ [7M]
in the first quadrant.

- b) Change the order of integration and then evaluate $\int_0^1 \int_{y^2}^{y^{1/3}} xy dx dy$. [7M]

(OR)

- 10 a) Evaluate $\int_0^1 \int_0^{1-x} \int_0^{1-x-y} \frac{dx dy dz}{(x+y+z+1)^3}$. [7M]

- b) Evaluate $\int_0^\infty \int_0^\infty e^{-(x^2+y^2)} dx dy$ by changing into polar coordinates. [7M]

