

## I B. Tech II Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations, July/August-2023

## MATHEMATICS-II

(Common to All Branches)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

*Answer any FIVE Questions One Question from Each Unit**All Questions Carry Equal Marks*

## UNIT - I

1. a) Find the rank of the matrix by reducing into echelon form  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ -2 & -3 & 2 & 2 \\ -3 & -4 & 5 & 8 \\ 1 & 3 & 10 & 14 \end{bmatrix}$  [7M]
- b) Solve the following equations by Gauss Elimination method [7M]  
 $2x + 4y + 2z = 15$ ;  $2x + y + 2z = -5$ ;  $4x + y - 2z = 0$ .

(OR)

2. a) Discuss for what values of  $\lambda$ ,  $\mu$  the simultaneous equations  $x + y + z = 6$ ;  $x + 2y + 3z = 10$ ;  $x + 2y + \lambda z = \mu$  have (i) no solution (ii) a unique solution and (iii) an infinite number of solutions. [7M]
- b) Find the eigen values and the corresponding eigen vectors of the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 2 & -3 \\ 2 & 1 & -6 \\ -1 & -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ . [7M]

## UNIT- II

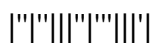
3. a) Verify Cayley – Hamilton theorem for the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 5 & 3 & 3 \\ -1 & 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$ . [7M]
- b) Find the nature of the quadratic form, index and signature of  $10x^2 + 2y^2 + 5z^2 - 4xy - 10xz + 6yz$ . [7M]

(OR)

4. a) Find the  $A^{-1}$  and  $A^4$  of the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 2 & -2 \\ -6 & -1 & 2 \\ 6 & 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ . Cayley – Hamilton theorem [7M]
- b) Diagonalize the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 5 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ . [7M]

## UNIT- III

5. a) Find the root of the equation  $x^3 - 9x + 1 = 0$  by Bisection Method [7M]
- b) Solve the system of equations using Gauss Seidal method [7M]  
 $8x - y + z - 18 = 0$ ;  $2x + 5y - 2z - 3 = 0$ ;  $x + y - 3z + 6 = 0$



**(OR)**

6. a) Find the root of the equation  $f(x) = x + \log x - 2$  using Newton Raphson method. [7M]  
 b) Find the real root of  $x.e^x = 3$  using Regula falsi method. [7M]

**UNIT- IV**

7. a) Using Newton's forward interpolation formula find the value of  $f(1.6)$  for the following data [7M]

X	1	1.4	1.8	2.2
Y	3.49	5.96	5.96	6.5

- b) Using Newton's Backward difference formula to find the area of a circle when the diameter is 105, the area for different values of diameter is given. [7M]

d	80	85	90	95	100
A	5026	5674	6362	7088	7854

**(OR)**

8. a) Prove that  $\Delta \left[ \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} \right] = \frac{g(x)\Delta f(x) - f(x)\Delta g(x)}{g(x)g(x+h)}$ . [7M]  
 b) Apply Lagrange's formula to find  $f(5)$  given that  $f(1) = 2, f(2) = 4, f(3) = 8, f(4) = 16$  and  $f(7) = 128$ . [7M]

**UNIT- V**

9. a) Evaluate  $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$  using Trapezoidal rule by taking i)  $h=0.2$ , ii)  $0.25$ , iii)  $0.125$ . [7M]  
 b) Using simple Euler's method, solve for  $y$  at  $x = 0.1$  from  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y + xy, y(0) = 1$  taking  $h = 0.025$  [7M]

**(OR)**

- 10 a) Find  $y(0.1)$  and  $y(0.2)$  using Picard's method given that  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y, y = 1$  when  $x = 0$  [7M]  
 b) Using Runge Kutta method of fourth order find  $y(0.2)$ , given  $\frac{dy}{dx} = y - x, y(0) = 2$  taking  $h = 0.1$  [7M]

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## MATHEMATICS-II

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## UNIT - I

1. a) Find the rank of the matrix by reducing into normal form  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 6 & -1 \\ 1 & 4 & 5 & 1 \\ 1 & 5 & 4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ . [7M]
- b) Solve the following equations by Gauss Elimination method [7M]  
 $2x + 4y + 2z = 15$ ;  $2x + y + 2z = -5$ ;  $4x + y - 2z = 0$

(OR)

2. a) Define consistency. Solve the system of equations  $x+y+z=6$ ,  $x-y+2z=5$ ,  $3x+y+z=-8$ . [7M]
- b) Find the eigen values and the corresponding Eigen vectors of the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 2 & -3 \\ 2 & 1 & -6 \\ -1 & -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$  [7M]

## UNIT- II

3. a) Verify Cayley-Hamilton theorem and hence find  $A^{-1}$ , if  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ . [7M]
- b) Find the nature of the quadratic form, index and signature of  $10x^2 + 2y^2 + 5y^2 - 4xy - 10xz + 6yz$ . [7M]

(OR)

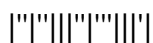
4. a) Find the  $A^{-1}$  and  $A^4$  of the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & -1 \\ -2 & -1 & 2 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ . Cayley – Hamilton theorem [7M]
- b) Diagonalize the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & -8 & -2 \\ 4 & -3 & -2 \\ 3 & -4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ . [7M]

## UNIT- III

5. a) Find the root of the equation  $x^3 - 9x + 1 = 0$  by Bisection Method. [7M]
- b) Solve the system of equations using Gauss Seidal method [7M]  
 $8x - y + z - 18 = 0$ ;  $2x + 5y - 2z - 3 = 0$ ;  $x + y - 3z + 6 = 0$

(OR)

6. a) Find the root of the equation  $x = e^x$  using Newton Raphson method [7M]
- b) Find the positive root of  $x \tan x = -1$  using false position method. [7M]



**UNIT- IV**

7. a) Write the forward differences, and the backward differences up to the fourth order. [7M]  
 b) In the table below the values of  $y$  are consecutive terms of a series of which the number 21.6 is the 6th term. Find the first and tenth terms of the series. [7M]

X	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
y	2.7	6.4	12.5	21.6	34.3	51.2	72.9

**(OR)**

8. a) Prove any four relations between  $\Delta$  and  $E$  [7M]  
 b) Apply Lagrange's formula to find  $f(5)$  given that  $f(1)=2$ ,  $f(2)=4$ ,  $f(3)=8$ ,  $f(4)=16$  and  $f(7)=128$ . [7M]

**UNIT- V**

9. a) A rocket is launched from the ground. Its acceleration measured every 5 seconds is tabulated below. Find the velocity and the position of the rocket at  $t=4$  seconds. Use trapezoidal rule as well as Simpson's rule. [7M]

t	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40
a(t)	40.0	40.25	48.50	51.25	54.35	59.48	61.5	64.3	68.7

- b) Compute  $y$  at  $x=0.25$  by Euler Method given  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2xy$ ,  $y(0)=1$  [7M]

**(OR)**

- 10 a) Find  $y(0.1)$  and  $y(0.2)$  using Picard's method given that  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y$ ,  $y = 1$  when  $x = 0$ . [7M]  
 b) Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} = y + 1$  and  $y(0) = 1$  using Taylor's series method. Also compute  $y(0.1)$ . [7M]

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**UNIT - I**

1. a) Find the rank of the matrix by reducing it to echelon form  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 6 & -1 \\ 1 & 4 & 5 & 1 \\ 1 & 5 & 4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ . [7M]
- b) Solve completely the system of equations. [7M]
- $$\begin{aligned} 3x + 3y + 2z &= 1; \\ x + 2y &= 4; \\ 10y + 3z &= -2; \\ 2x - 3y - 2 &= 5; \end{aligned}$$

**(OR)**

2. a) Write any seven properties of eigen values and eigen vectors. [7M]
- b) Explain the general procedure for Gauss Elimination Method. [7M]

**UNIT - II**

3. a) State Cayley Hamilton theorem and verify the Same for the Matrix [7M]
- $$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$
- b) Reduce the quadratic form, to the canonical form: [7M]
- $$8x^2 + 7y^2 + z^2 - 12xy - 8yz + 4xz$$

**(OR)**

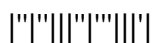
4. a) Find a Matrix P which diagonalizes the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 6 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ . [7M]
- b) Using Cayley hamilton theorem find inverse and  $A^4$   $\begin{bmatrix} 7 & 2 & -2 \\ -6 & -1 & 2 \\ 6 & 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ . [7M]

**UNIT - III**

5. a) Find the root of the equation  $x^3 - x - 11 = 0$  by Bisection Method. [7M]
- b) Solve the system of equations using Jacobi method [7M]
- $$8x - y + z - 18 = 0; 2x + 5y - 2z - 3 = 0; x + y - 3z + 6 = 0$$

**(OR)**

6. a) Find the root of the equation  $f(x) = x \tan x + 1$  using Newton Raphson method. [7M]
- b) Explain Secant method. With Example. [7M]



**UNIT- IV**

7. a) Define i) Interpolation ii) Finite difference iii) Forward and Back ward differences with examples. [7M]

- b) Find F(22) [7M]

X	20	25	30	35	40	45
F(X)	354	332	291	26	231	204

**(OR)**

8. a) Find Newton's divided differences polynomial for the data in the table given below [7M]

X	-3	-1	0	3	5
F(X)	-30	-22	-12	330	3458

- b) Apply Lagrange's formula to find f(3) given that f(0) = 1, f(1) = 14, f(2) = 15, f(4) = 5 and f(5) = 6, f(5) = 19. [7M]

**UNIT- V**

9. a) Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  at x = 7.5 from the following table [7M]

X	7.47	7.48	7.49	7.50	7.51	7.52	7.53
F(X)	0.193	0.195	0.198	0.201	0.203	0.206	0.208

- b) Using Euler's method, solve for y at x = 0.1, x = 0.2, x = 0.3 from  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2 - y$ , y(0) = 1. [7M]

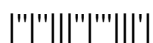
**(OR)**

- 10 a) Find y(0.1) and y(0.2) using Picard's method given that  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + xy$ , y = 1 when x = 0. [7M]

- b) Using Runge Kutta method of fourth order find y(0.1) given that  $\frac{dy}{dx} = e^x - 1$ , y(0) = 0. [7M]

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Answer any FIVE Questions One Question from Each Unit  
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## UNIT - I

1. a) If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 4 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 13 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 3 & 3 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$  then find the rank of A, Rank of B and rank of A+B. [7M]

- b) Test the consistency and solve the equations. [7M]

$$\begin{aligned} x + 2y + 2z &= 2; \\ 3x - 2y - z &= 5; \\ 2x - 5y + 3z &= -4; \\ x + 4y + 6z &= 0; \end{aligned}$$

(OR)

2. a) Find the eigen values and eigen vectors of  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  [7M]

- b) Solve the following equation by Gauss Elimination Method. [7M]  
 $x + 2y - z = 3; 3x - y + 2z = 1; 2x - 2y + 3z = 2; x - y + z = -1;$

## UNIT - II

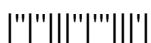
3. a) Verify Cayley Hamilton theorem for  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ . Find  $A^{-1}$  and  $A^8$  [7M]
- b) Reduce the quadratic form, to the canonical form: [7M]  
 $2x^2 + 2y^2 + 2z^2 - 2xy - 2yz + 2xz$  by orthogonal transformation.

(OR)

4. a) Find a Matrix P which diagonalizes the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$  hence find  $A^6$ . [7M]
- b) Using Cayley hamilton theorem find inverse and  $A^4 \begin{bmatrix} 8 & -8 & 2 \\ 4 & -3 & -2 \\ 3 & -4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ . [7M]

## UNIT - III

5. a) Find the root of the equation  $x^3 - 4x - 9 = 0$  by Regula falsi Method. [7M]
- b) Explain i) Gauss- seidel method and ii) Jacobi method. [7M]



**(OR)**

6. a) Find the root of the equation  $x^4 - x = 10$  using Newton Raphson method. [7M]  
 b) Explain Bisection method. [7M]

**UNIT- IV**

7. a) Fit a polynomial of degree three which take the following values. [7M]

X	3	4	5	6
F(X)	6	24	60	120

- b) Estimate the population in 1895 from the following table. [7M]

X	1891	1901	1911	1921	1931
F(X)	46	66	81	93	101

**(OR)**

8. a) Using Newton's divided differences formula find F (8). [7M]

X	4	5	7	10	11	13
F(X)	48	10	294	900	1210	2028

- b) Apply Lagrange's formula to find  $y(-2)$  given that [7M]

X	-1	0	2	3
F(X)	-8	3	1	2

**UNIT- V**

9. a) Evaluate  $\int_0^2 e^{-x^2} dx$  using Simpsons  $1/3^{\text{rd}}$  rule taking  $h=0.25$ . [7M]  
 b) Using Taylor's method, find for  $y$  at  $x = 0.1, x=0.2$  from  $\frac{dy}{dx} = y^2 + x, y(0) = 1$ . [7M]

**(OR)**

- 10 a) Find  $y(1)$  using Picard's method given that  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x^2}{y^2+1}, y = 0$  when  $x = 0$ . [7M]  
 b) Using Runge Kutta method of fourth order find  $y(0.1)$  given that  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y, y(0) = 1$  [7M]

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