

I B. Tech II Semester Supplementary Examinations, March - 2022
NETWORK ANALYSIS
 (ECE, EIE, ECT)

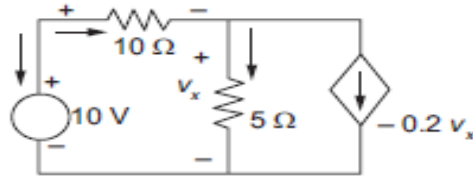
Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

Answer any five Questions one Question from Each Unit
All Questions Carry Equal Marks

UNIT-I

- 1 a) Distinguish between dependent and independent sources. How do you transform a voltage source in to a current source? (7M)
- b) For the following circuit find the power consumed by the resistors, power delivered by the independent source and power delivered by the dependent source. (7M)



Or

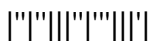
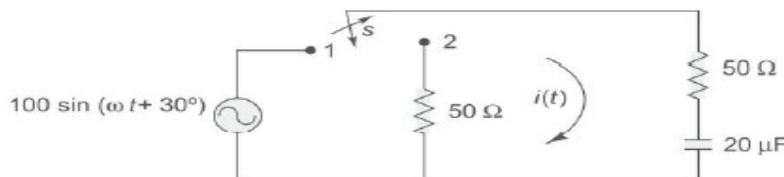
- 2 a) Explain the principle of Duality with an example. (7M)
- b) In a circuit two parallel branches Z_1 and Z_2 are in series with Z_3 . The impedances are $Z_1 = 5 + j8$, $Z_2 = 3 - j4$ and $Z_3 = 8 + j11$. The voltage across Z_3 is 50 V. Find currents through the parallel branches and phase angle between them. (7M)

UNIT-II

- 3 a) Analyze the dc response for a series R – C circuit. (7M)
- b) Define the term ‘Time constant ‘of a circuit. (3M)
- c) Find the current $i(t)$ for a series RLC circuit comprising $R = 2$ ohms, $L = 3$ H, and $C = 1$ F, when a ramp voltage of 12 volts is applied. Assume initial condition as zero. (4M)

Or

- 4 For the network shown below, the switch is moved from the position 1 to the position 2 at $t = 0$. The switch is in the position 1 for a long time. Initial charge on the capacitor is 7×10^{-4} coulombs. Determine the current expression $i(t)$, when $\omega = 1000$ rad/sec. (14M)

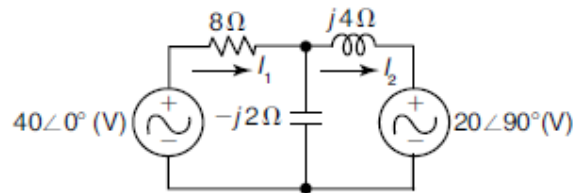


UNIT-III

- 5 a) when two coils of self-inductances L_1 and L_2 are connected in parallel with aiding connection and having a mutual inductance M then prove that the total inductance is equal to $L_{eqv} = \frac{L_1 L_2 - M^2}{L_1 + L_2 - 2M}$ (7M)
- b) An ac voltage of 200 V is applied to a series circuit consisting of a resistor, an inductor, and a capacitor. The respective voltages across these components are 170 V, 150 V, and 100 V and the current is 4 A. Find the power factor of the inductor and also for the circuit. (7M)

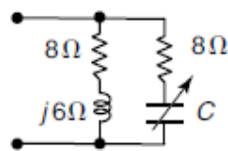
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- 6 a) Explain step by step procedure of phasor analysis for a Series R – C circuit. (7M)
- b) Calculate the average power absorbed by each of the element in the following circuit: (7M)



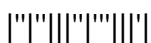
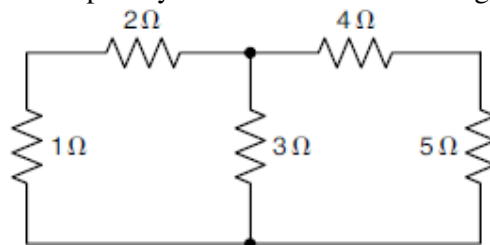
UNIT-IV

- 7 a) Explain why at resonance, the current is maximum in a series circuit and minimum in a parallel circuit. (3M)
- b) Derive the expression for Q factor for RL series circuit. (4M)
- c) Find C in the following circuit which results in resonance, when $\omega = 5000$ rad/s. (7M)



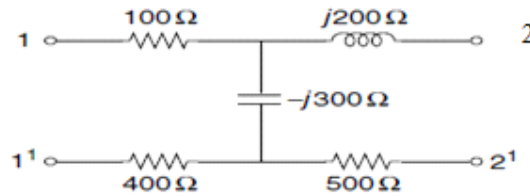
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- 8 a) State and explain Reciprocity theorem. (4M)
- b) Verify the reciprocity theorem for the following network (10M)



UNIT-V

- 9 a) Derive the related Y – parameters w.r.t driving point admittances and transfer admittances at input and output ports of a two-port network. (7M)
- b) Find the Z – parameters for the following network (7M)



Or

- 10 a) Derive the transmission parameters of a two-port network (7M)
- b) Determine hybrid parameters for the network shown below and also check whether the network is reciprocal (7M)

