

**II B. Tech I Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations, January - 2023****DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS**

(Com to IT,CSE(AIML),CSE(AI), CSE(DS),CSE(AIDS),AIDS,AIML, CSD)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

Answer any **FIVE** Questions, each Question from each unitAll Questions carry **Equal Marks**  
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## UNIT-I

- 1 a) Describe levels of abstraction in a DBMS. [7M]  
b) Explain about centralized architecture for DBMS. [7M]

## OR

- 2 a) What is logical data independence and why is it important? [7M]  
b) List six major steps that you would take in setting up a database for a particular enterprise. [7M]

## UNIT-II

- 3 a) What are Dr.E.F.Codd's laws for fully functional relational database management systems? Explain. [7M]  
b) Consider the following Relational schemas, [7M]  
Sailors( sid: *Integer*, sname: *String*, age: *Integer*, rating: *Integer*)  
Boats(bid: *Integer*, bname: *String*, bcolor: *String*)  
Reserves(sid: *Integer*, bid: *Integer*, date: *Date*)  
Write the following queries in SQL  
i) Find the names of sailors with Third highest rating  
ii) Find the age of youngest sailor who is eligible to vote (18 years age) for each rating level with at least 2 sailors.

## OR.

- 4 a) Explain about domain and key constraints with examples. [7M]  
b) Give the form of a basic SQL query. Write SQL queries to demonstrate the usage of SQL date and time data types and functions. [7M]

## UNIT-III

- 5 A university registrar's office maintains data about the following entities: (a) courses, including number, title, credits, syllabus, and prerequisites; (b) course offerings, including course number, year, semester, section number, instructor(s), timings, and classroom; (c) students, including student-id, name, and program; and (d) instructors, including identification number, name, department, and title. Further, the enrollment of students in courses and grades awarded to students in each course they are enrolled for must be appropriately modeled. [14M]  
Construct an E-R diagram for the registrar's office. Document all assumptions that you make about the mapping constraints.

## OR



- 6 a) What are the advantages of views? List out the constraints for defining updateable and non-updateable views. [7M]  
b) Write SQL queries using exists, in, not, any, and all. [7M]

## UNIT-IV

- 7 a) State BCNF and Explain various alternatives in decomposing in BCNF. [7M]  
b) What are the different problems encountered by redundancy? Explain them. [7M]

## OR

- 8 a) Define functional dependency and state full, partial, transitive, multi-valued and join dependencies. [7M]  
b) Explain why 4NF is more desirable than BCNF. [7M]

## UNIT-V

- 9 a) Explain recovery with concurrent transactions. [7M]  
b) Explain checkpoints of log-based recovery. [7M]

## OR

- 10 Construct a B+ –tree for the following set of key values. [14M]

(2,3,5,7,11,17,19,23,29,31)

Assume that the tree is initially empty and values are added in ascending order. Construct B+–tree for the cases where the number of pointers that will fit in one node is as follows.

- i. four
- ii. six
- iii. eight



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## UNIT-I

- 1 a) Explain the difference between external, internal, and conceptual schemas. How are these different schema layers related to the concepts of logical and physical data in dependence? [7M]
- b) What are the applications of DBMS? Explain in detail. [7M]

## OR

- 2 a) With a neat diagram, explain in detail about the structure of a DBMS. [7M]
- b) Describe the different types of DBMS users. [7M]

## UNIT-II

- 3 a) What is a constraint? Explain in detail about integrity constraints. [7M]
- b) Explain the syntax of various DML commands with suitable examples. [7M]

## OR

- 4 a) What are NULL values? How do they affect the meaning of queries? Can a foreign key value in a database be NULL or Duplicates? Justify your answer. [7M]
- b) Consider the following Relational schemas, [7M]  
 Sailors( sid: *Integer*, sname: *String*, age: *Integer*, rating: *Integer*)  
 Boats(bid: *Integer*, bname: *String*, bcolor: *String*)  
 Reserves(sid: *Integer*, bid: *Integer*, date: *Date*)  
 Write the following queries in SQL  
 i) find the names of sailors who have reserved a red and a green boat  
 ii) find the names of sailors who have reserved all boats

## UNIT-III

- 5 Consider a university database for the scheduling of classrooms for final exams. [14M]  
 This database could be modeled as the single entity set exam, with attributes course-name, section-number, room-number, and time. Alternatively, one or more additional entity sets could be defined, along with relationship sets to replace some of the attributes of the exam entity set, as  
 · course with attributes name, department, and c-number  
 · section with attributes s-number and enrollment, and dependent as a weak entity set on course  
 · room with attributes r-number, capacity, and building  
 Show an E-R diagram illustrating the use of all three additional entity sets listed.

OR

- 6 Let a and b be relations with the schemas A(name, address, title) and B(name, address, salary), respectively. Show how to express a natural full outer join b using the full outer join operation with an on condition and the coalesce operation. Make sure that the result relation does not contain two copies of the attributes name and address, and that the solution is correct even if some tuples in a and b have null values for attributes name or address. [14M]

UNIT-IV

- 7 a) Suppose that we decompose the schema  $R = (A, B, C, D, E)$  into  $(A,B,C)$  and  $(A,D,E)$ . Show that this decomposition is lossless-join decomposition if the following set F of functional dependencies holds:  $A \rightarrow BC$ ,  $CD \rightarrow E$ ,  $B \rightarrow D$ ,  $E \rightarrow A$ . [7M]
- b) What is a normal form? Explain 2NF and 3NF with examples. [7M]

OR

- 8 a) Explain the following: i) Surrogate Key ii) Super key iii) Attribute closure iv) spurious tuples [7M]
- b) Discuss the loss-less join and dependency preserving properties. [7M]

UNIT-V

- 9 a) Discuss various anomalies that arise with concurrent execution of transactions. [7M]
- b) Discuss about recovery with Concurrent Transactions. [7M]

OR

- 10 a) Construct a B+ tree for the following list of elements. [10M]  
43,72,65,32,90,13,16,59  
Assume that the initial tree is empty and a node can hold maximum two key values.
- b) Explain various data structures that are required for database management recovery by log-based schemes. [4M]



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## UNIT-I

- 1 a) Why DBMS is preferred over flat file system for maintaining the database of an organization. [7M]  
b) Define DBMS. What are advantages of DBMS? Explain. [7M]

## OR

- 2 a) What are various types of data models? Explain. [7M]  
b) Discuss about client server architecture for the database in detail. [7M]

## UNIT-II

- 3 a) Explain about the importance of null values. [7M]  
b) Explain the standard functions provided by SQL for String manipulation. [7M]

## OR

- 4 a) Describe domain and referential integrity constraints with an example. [7M]  
b) Consider the following schema [7M]

Customer (custId: *Number*, custName: *String*, city: *String*)Order\_Details(ordNo: *Number*, purAmt: *Number*,ordDate: *Date*, custId:*Number*)

i) Write a SQL query to display those customers who belongs to the city "Hyderabad" and last purchase amount is less than Rs.1000/-.

ii) Write a SQL statement to exclude the rows which satisfy

A) order dates are 01-01-2023 and purchase amount is below Rs.500/-

B) customers city is "Hyderabad" and purchase amount is below Rs.500/-.

## UNIT-III

- 5 Although you always wanted to be an artist, you ended up being an expert on databases because you love to cook data and you somehow confused 'data base' with 'databaste.' Your old love is still there, however, so you set up a database company, Art Base, that builds a product for art galleries. The core of this product is a database with a schema that captures all the information that galleries need to maintain. Galleries keep information about artists, their names (which are unique), birthplaces, age, and style of art. For each piece of artwork, the artist, the year it was made, its unique title, its type of art (e.g., painting, lithograph, sculpture, photograph), and its price must be stored. Pieces of artwork are also classified into groups of various kinds, for example, portraits, still lifes, works by Picasso, or works of the 19th century; a given piece may belong to more than one group. Each group is identified by a name (like those above) that describes the group. Finally, galleries keep information about customers. For each customer, galleries keep their unique name, address, total amount of dollars they have spent in the gallery (very important!), and the artists and groups of art that each customer tends to like. [14M]  
Draw the ER diagram for the database.

OR

- 6 Consider the following relational database. Give an expression in SQL for each of the following queries. [14M]
- employee* (*employee-name*, *street*, *city*)  
*works* (*employee-name*, *company-name*, *salary*)  
*company* (*company-name*, *city*)  
*manages* (*employee-name*, *manager-name*)
- Find all employees in the database who earn more than each employee of Small Bank Corporation.
  - Assume that the companies may be located in several cities. Find all companies located in every city in which Small Bank Corporation is located.
  - Find all employees who earn more than the average salary of all employees of their company.
  - Find the company that has the most employees.
  - Find the company that has the smallest payroll.
  - Find those companies whose employees earn a higher salary, on average, than the average salary at First Bank Corporation.

UNIT-IV

- 7 a) Compute the closure of the following set F of functional dependencies for relation schema  $R = (A, B, C, D, E)$ . [7M]
- $A \rightarrow BC$   
 $CD \rightarrow E$   
 $B \rightarrow D$   
 $E \rightarrow A$
- List the candidate keys for R.
- b) Prove that any relation schema with two attributes is in BCNF. [7M]

OR

- 8 a) Suppose that we decompose the schema  $R = (A, B, C, D, E)$  into [10M]
- $(A, B, C)$   
 $(A, D, E)$
- Show that this decomposition is a lossless-join decomposition if the following set F of functional dependencies holds:
- $A \rightarrow BC$   
 $CD \rightarrow E$   
 $B \rightarrow D$   
 $E \rightarrow A$
- b) What are the problems caused by redundancy? Discuss in detail. [4M]

UNIT-V

- 9 a) What is the order of B+ tree? Describe the format of nodes in a B+ tree. Why are at the leaf level linked? [7M]
- b) State and explain the properties of a transaction in DBMS. [7M]
- OR
- 10 a) Describe the B+ tree deletion algorithm with an [7M]
- b) Explain the following: i) primary, secondary and clustered indexes [7M]  
 ii) Dense and sparse indexes



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## UNIT-I

- 1 a) What is a database? What are applications of databases? Explain. [7M]  
 b) Discuss in detail about database users. [7M]

## OR

- 2 a) Describe three tier schema architecture for data independence. [7M]  
 b) Explain the difference between physical and logical data independence. [7M]

## UNIT-II

- 3 a) What are key constraints? Explain with examples. [7M]  
 b) Explain about TCL, DDL, DML commands with suitable examples. [7M]

## OR

- 4 a) Write a brief introduction on relational model. [7M]  
 b) Consider the following Relational schemas, [7M]

Sailors( sid: *Integer*, sname: *String*, age: *Integer*, rating: *Integer*)Boats(bid: *Integer*, bname: *String*, bcolor: *String*)Reserves(sid: *Integer*, bid: *Integer*, date: *Date*)

Write the following queries in SQL

i) Find the names of sailors who have reserved all boats

ii) Find the ids and names of sailors who have reserved two different boats on the same day.

i) Find the names of sailors with second highest age

ii) Find the age of the youngest sailor for each rating level

Find the details of sailors who reserved at least one boat

## UNIT-III

- 5 A company database needs to store information about employees (identified by ssn, with salary and phone as attributes); departments (identified by dno, with dname and budget as attributes); and children of employees (with name and age as attributes). Employees work in departments; each department is managed by an employee; a child must be identified uniquely by name when the parent (who is an employee; assume that only one parent works for the company) is known. We are not interested in information about a child once the parent leaves the company. Draw an ER diagram that captures [14M]

## OR



- 6 Consider the following relational database. Give an expression in SQL for each of the following queries. [14M]
- employee* (*employee-name*, *street*, *city*)  
*works* (*employee-name*, *company-name*, *salary*)  
*company* (*company-name*, *city*)  
*manages* (*employee-name*, *manager-name*)
- Find the names of all employees who work for First Bank Corporation.
  - Find the names and cities of residence of all employees who work for First Bank Corporation.
  - Find the names, street addresses, and cities of residence of all employees who work for First Bank Corporation and earn more than \$10,000.
  - Find all employees in the database who live in the same cities as the companies for which they work.
  - Find all employees in the database who live in the same cities and on the same streets as do their managers.
  - Find all employees in the database who do not work for First Bank Corporation.

## UNIT-IV

- 7 a) Explain 1NF, 2NF and 3NF in detail with suitable examples. [7M]
- b) Define multi valued dependency. Explain decomposition using multi valued dependencies. [7M]

## OR

- 8 a) Discuss the BCNF and 4th normal form with examples. [7M]
- b) Compute the canonical cover  $F_c$ , using the following set  $F$  of functional dependencies for relation scheme  $R=(A,B,C,D)$   $A \rightarrow BC$ ,  $CD \rightarrow E$ ,  $B \rightarrow D$ ,  $E \rightarrow A$  [7M]

## UNIT-V

- 9 a) With an example, explain about view serializability and conflict serializability. [7M]
- b) Explain about Extendible Hash based indexing technique with an example. [7M]

## OR

- 10 a) Construct a B+ tree for the following list of elements. [7M]  
45,77,60,34,100,24,13,51,83  
Assume that the initial tree is empty and a node can hold maximum two key values.
- b) Discuss the merits and demerits of fixed field record organization and variable length field record organization techniques. [7M]

